Improving barley and triticale feed

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Project Title:

Germplasm and variety development of barley and triticale for animal feed with a focus on feed quality, yield and disease resistance of both grain and annual forage production

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Background Continued improvements in the yield and nutritional quality of barley grain and annual forages are essential to maintain a competitive cattle feeding sector in Canada. The Field Crop Development Centre (FCDC) in Lacombe is Canada's only crop breeding program dedicated to and making a deliberate effort to improve feed and annual forage crops. Other programs do produce feed and forage annual varieties but they are often just new varieties that have failed to meet requirements for other sources (e.g. beer or bread), FCDC is the only place making a concerted effort to improve the nutritional value for livestock through barley and triticate variety development. Objectives

1. To develop varieties of barley (grain and forage) and triticale (forage) with improved nutritional quality, yields, yield stability, disease resistance, and water use efficiency, and 2. To expand the germplasm resources available to ensure that future varietal development continues into the future.

What they did

This research team had unique access to international genetic resources and scientific expertise. They applied traditional selection and molecular marker technology to select for improved yields, digestibility (valuated using NIRS technology), efficiencies of nitrogen and water use of bardey (focusing on both grain and forage) and triticale (focused on forage). All potential breeding lines were also screened for disease resistance (smats, rusts, lusarium, etc.), in multiple locations to ensure a robust disease resistance (and s, rust, rust,

What they found:

During the duration of this project, seven new barley varieties with superior yield and quality have been approved for registration. From those, the ones being commercialized are AB Cattlelac (six-row feed and forage, sold by Alliance Seeds), AB Advantage (six-row feed and forage, sold by Alliance Seeds). The others still available for commercialization are TR13606 (two row dual purpose, registered), SR15507 (six row forage, registered), and TR14617 (two row malt, registered). After the formal completion of this project, the program continued to release varieties that were created during its duration. In February 2019, the FCDC had a record number of varieties approved for registration, with four triticale and four barley varieties approved. The varieties that are source of the market are SR17515 (six-row feed and forage, sold by SeCan), TR16629 (two-row malting, sold by SeedNet), TR17639 (two-row feed, sold by Canterra Seeds). The variety SR17519 (six-row, feed and forage with improved NUE) was approved for registration and is in the process of being contracted by a seed company.

For triticale, progress has been achieved in yield and other characteristics, leading to four new varieties (two winter and two spring) that were proposed for release at the PGDC meeting in February 2018. Approved for registration were WT0010 (winter triticale, sold by SeedN4), T25 (spring triticale, sold by Solick Seeds), T25 (spring triticale, registered and available for commercialized by Solick Seeds), T25 (spring triticale, solid by Solick Seeds), T25 (spring triticale, T25 were also paperoved for registration in 2019, with the first being commercialized by Social Seeds), T25 (spring triticale, T25 were also paperoved for registration in 2019, with the first being commercialized by Social Seeds), T25 (spring triticale, T25 were also paperoved for registration in 2019, with the first being commercialized by Social Seeds), T26 and Shplace in the ranking for yield at the Co-Op trial network in where all breeding programs in western Canada test their varieties. Besides the increase in yield, the varieties created with the support of this project also have improved diverse resistants varieties. The disease resistant varieties. The disease resistant varieties at being by rowing that can be used in future development of resistant varieties.

Previously it took 5 years to reach the Western Co-Op Trial variety testing, in which new varieties have to be tested for 2 more years before varieties are approved for registration and subsequent marketing by commercial seed sellers. Due to efficiencies in this project, researchers were able to reduce that time by 20-40%, taking only 3-4 years to reach the Western Co-Op Trials.

What it means:

FCDC is Canada's only barley breeding facility that focuses on feed and forage barley variety development. Plant breeding is a long-term process. This project continued to build on past research to produce new varieties as well as new crosses that will go on to form the basis of tomorrow's future varieties.

Proudly Funded By:



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